

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION•МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ•ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Phenol, o-cresol, m-cresol, p-cresol, cresylic acid and xylenols for industrial use - Methods of test -Part 11: Determination of crystallizing point (Excluding cresylic acid and xylenols)

Phénol, o-crésol, m-crésol, p-crésol, acide crésylique et xylénols à usage industriel - Méthodes d'essai - Partie 11 : Détermination du point de cristallisation (Acide crésylique et xylénols exclus)

First edition - 1983-11-01

UDC 661:547.562/.563:532.78

Ref. No. ISO 1897/11-1983 (E)

Descriptors: industrial products, chemical compounds, phenols, phenol, cresols, xylenols, chemical analysis, determination, crystallization.

Price based on 4 pages

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1897/11 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, Chemistry, and was circulated to the member bodies in October 1982.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Australia Nigeria France Austria Germany, F.R. Poland Portugal Belaium Hungary Bulgaria India Romania South Africa, Rep. of China Italy Czechoslovakia Netherlands Switzerland Egypt, Arab Rep. of New Zealand USSR

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 1901-1971, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

© International Organization for Standardization, 1983

Printed in Switzerland